FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
AND
ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison information on pages 3–9 and 40-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 42-53 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 54-55 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 0applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information on pages 42-53 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated November 7, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial performance of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow. The discussion primarily focuses on the District's general fund, although the proprietary funds are also analyzed.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position increased by \$12,260,144, which is a 7.8% increase in total net position.
- Total governmental activities net position are comprised of the following:
 - Net investment in capital assets of \$104,374,262. Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, is reduced for the outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - 2) Restricted net position \$35,157,487. General obligation bond proceeds from special bonding authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature are restricted to providing funding for specific flood control projects.
 - 3) Unrestricted net position of \$22,110,033. These assets are available to maintain the District's continuing obligations. Unrestricted net position includes assets reserved for specific purposes by Board resolution but not restricted by debt covenants or laws and regulations.
- Revenues on the general fund financial statements totaled \$28,267,004. This is an increase of \$5,147,108 from last year's revenues of \$23,119,896.
- The net increase in capital assets was \$26,745,978 to a total of \$184,204,937.
- Total long-term debt of the District increased from \$32,086,615 to \$72,168,660 during the fiscal year. Long-term debt from business-type activities decreased by \$370,061 to \$2,436,883. The \$40,452,106 increase in long-term debt from governmental activities occurred primarily due to the issuance of 2013 Series B Water Quality Enhancement Bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements, which include the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities and a perspective of current financial resources and obligations.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Government-wide Financial Statements, Continued

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include general government administration, projects aimed at ground and surface water protection, flood threat protection, soil and wildlife conservation efforts, public services such as trail maintenance and educational materials, and recreation. The District's business-type activities include four rural water systems and four other waterway construction and preservation projects.

Statement of Net Position

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the District's capital assets, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

Statement of Activities

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by property tax collections.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District is comprised of the governmental fund, seven proprietary funds, and one fiduciary fund. The governmental fund encompasses essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability, focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

A budgetary comparison schedule is included as required supplementary information to the basic financial statements for the general fund. This schedule demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds generally report services for which the District charges customers a fee. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The Dakota County, Washington County and Thurston County Rural Water Systems, as well as four waterway reconstruction projects, comprise the District's proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds. Individual fund information for non-major enterprise funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary fund statements focus on net position and the change in net position and are accounted for on the accrual basis. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that have entered into an inter-local agreement to fund engineering studies addressing water quantity and quality issues in the Papillion Creek drainage area.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the District's non-major proprietary funds and expenditures of federal awards.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole. The following table summarizes the District's net position.

Summary of Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Ty	oe Activities	
-	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Current and other assets	\$ 62,673,462	\$ 33,774,566	\$ 2,230,219	\$ 2,572,112	
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	176,281,532	149,411,740	7,923,405	8,047,219	
Total assets	238,954,994	183,186,306	10,153,624	10,619,331	
Long-term liabilities	69,257,233	28,819,687	2,097,201	1,889,424	
Other liabilities	8,055,979	5,148,269	389,435	958,792	
Total liabilities	77,313,212	33,967,956	2,486,636	2,848,216	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	104,374,262	120,132,069	5,486,522	5,240,275	
Restricted	35,157,487	11,530,725	240,386	240,205	
Unrestricted	22,110,033	17,555,556	1,940,080	2,290,635	
Total net position	\$16 1,641,782	\$ 149,218,350	\$ 7,666,988	\$ 7,771,115	

The District reported positive balances in net position for both governmental and business-type activities. Since net position increased \$12,423,432 for governmental activities and decreased \$104,127 for business-type activities, the District's overall financial position improved during fiscal year 2014.

The table on the next page summarizes the District's changes in net position from revenues and expenditures. The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations, since taxes provide approximately 62% of the District's total governmental revenues.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Summary of Changes in Net Position

		Gove	rnmental Acti	vities		Busine	ss-Type Activition	es
		2014	% of Total	2013		2014	% of Total	2013
Revenues	•	- 1	- · -	<u> </u>				
Program Revenues			•					
Charges for services	\$	627,547	2.1%	\$ 522,511	\$	1,168,800	91.8%	\$ 1,073,111
Operating grants and								
contributions		6,135,986	20.7%	3,423,578		-	-	-
Capital Grants		4,432,813	15.0%	835,955		-	-	-
General Revenues								
Property taxes		18,267,761	61.6%	17,780,798			-	-
Assessment income		-	÷	-		83,770	6.6%	85,363
Transfers		-	-	-		-	-	-
Gain on sale of fixed assets		137,036	0.5%	206,776		-	-	15,500
Interest income		48,861	0.1%	12,397	•	20,547	1.6%	29,300
Total revenues		29,650,004	100.0%	22,782,015		1,273,117	<u>100.0</u> %	1,203,274
Expenses								
General administration		8,902,569	51.5%	6,248,014		-	-	u u
Infromation and education		204,621	1.2%	210,342		-	-	-
Flood prevention		4,529,287	26.2%	4,349,990		-	-	-
Erosion control		1,362,963	7.9%	1,572,483		-	-	-
Water quality		553,950	3.2%	479,502		-	-	-
Recreation		701,478	4.0%	1,288,449		-	-	-
Forestry and wildlife		1,030,865	6.0%	318,575		-	-	-
Major proprietary funds		-	-	-		898,954	65.3%	700,113
Other proprietary funds						478,290	34.7%	493,246
Total expenses		17,285,733	<u>100.0</u> %	14,467,355		1,377,244	100.0%	1,193,359
Change in net position		12,364,271		8,314,660		(104,127)		9,915
Beginning net position (restated)		149,277,511		140,962,851		7,771,115		7,761,200
Ending net position	\$	161,641,782		\$ 149,277,511	\$	7,666,988	<u>:</u>	\$ 7,771,115



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Fund

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be reported in a separate fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$26,901,489 to \$55,626,579, this increase is primarily due to issuance of new water quality enhancement bonds of which all the proceeds have not been spent.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The District's major proprietary fund for this fiscal year was Washington County Rural Water System. Net position of this fund decreased \$178,889. Net position of the non-major proprietary funds increased by \$74,762. Total proprietary fund net position decreased by \$104,127.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's Board of Directors adopts a budget each fiscal year that complies with the reporting regulations imposed by the State of Nebraska. This budget can be modified during the year with the approval of the Board. Economic factors, such as property tax rates and the availability of federal and state funding, play a major role in the District's budgeting process.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014, was \$104,374,262 and \$5,486,522, respectively. The net investment decreased 13.1% for governmental and increased 4.7% for business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$72,168,660 in bonds, notes, and leases outstanding. \$2,436,883 of this debt is attributable to the proprietary funds for construction of the rural water distribution systems. \$68,825,000 is attributable to general obligation bonds issued for construction of flood control projects, \$803,113 to construction financing for the Washington County Service Center, and \$103,664 to capital leases of equipment.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Factors considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2015 include the following:

- Property tax receipts of \$19.0 million are expected. This is a slight increase from the
 previous fiscal year due to a slight increase in property valuation with the tax levy remaining
 constant.
- Projects related to flood prevention, erosion control, and recreational trails are anticipated to require the heaviest expenditures during fiscal years 2014 and 2015. These projects will be financed by several methods, including federal and/or state funding, cost sharing agreements with other local governments, property taxes and general obligation bond proceeds from special authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature intended to provide funding of flood control projects.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District Accountant at 8901 South 154th Street, Omaha, NE 68138.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS

A3	JL13	Primary Gove	ernment	
	Governmental Activ			Total
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,847,	.005 \$	594,659	\$ 10,441,664
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers	315,		•	315,666
Certificates of deposit			,069,916	1,119,916
Taxes receivable	7,806,	607	_	7,806,607
Service receivables	19,	437	126,511	145,948
Interest receivable		20	1,726	1,746
Currrent portion of intsallment receivable		-	337,148	337,148
Prepaid expenses	266,		-	266,294
Intergovernmental receivables	9,029,		-	9,029,055
Intrafund balances	181,	891	(181,891)	-
Inventories		<u>-</u>	41,764	41,764
Total current assets	27,515,	9751	,989,833	29,505,808
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	35,157,	487 .	197,700	35,355,187
Restricted certificates of deposit		-	42,686	42,686
Capital assets:	27 007	700	044.045	67 404 044
Land	67,207,		214,215	67,421,944 47,779,158
Construction in progress	47,779, 118,301,		- ,567,799	127,869,359
Capital improvements and infrastructure	6,796,		,301,188	6,796,376
Buildings and improvements	4,357,		122,080	4,479,256
Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation	(68,160,		,980,689)	(70,141,156)
•	176,281,		,923,405	184,204,937
Total capital assets	211,439,		,163,791	219,602,810
Total noncurrent assets	211,438,	0180,	103,791	213,002,010
	\$ 238,954,	994 \$ 10,	,153,624	249,108,618
LIABILITIES AN	ID NET POSITION			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,350,	330 \$	42,740 \$	
Accrued salaries and payroli withholdings	167,	672	=	167,672
Accrued expenses	-	400	7,013	101,413
Line of credit	2,175,		-	2,175,493
Current portion of long-term debt	2,109,		339,682	2,449,656
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	158,		 -	158,110
Total current liabilities	8,055,	979	389,435	8,445,414
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt, less current portion	67,621,	·	,097,201	69,719,004
Premium on bonds payable	1,156,		-	1,156,895
Accrued compensated absences, less current portion	478,		 -	478,535
Total long-term liabilities	69,257,	<u>233</u> 2,	,097,201	71,354,434
Total liabilities	77,313,	2122,	486,636	79,799,848
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	104,374,	262 5,	486,522	109,860,784
Restricted	35,157,	487	240,386	35,397,873
Unrestricted	22,110,	0331,	,940,080	24,050,113
Total net position	161,641,	782 7,	,666,988	169,308,770
	\$ 238,954,	994 \$ 10,	,153,624 \$	249,108,618



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Contributions Contribution				Program Revenues		Net Revenue (E)	Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Assets Primary Covernment	s in Net Assets
\$ 8,902,669 \$ 496,794 \$ 102,915 \$	rams	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
1,362,387 123,738	rAL ACTIVITIES: inistration				 СР			
1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,645 1,030,644 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,377,244 1,166,800 1,40,317 1,20,443 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,20,444 1,10,4,127 1,10,4	tion	4,529,287	123,738	1,022,551	3,574,387	191,389	ŀ	191,389
17,285,733 5,620 1,500,042	<u>-</u>	1,362,963	1,395	3,421,25U 89,228	636,420	(463,327)	1 1	(463,327)
17,285,733 627,547 6,135,986 4,432,813 (6,089,387) (197,634) (19	wiidlife	701,478	5,620	1,500,042	1 1	804,184 (1,030,865)	1 1	804,184 (1,030,865)
1,377,244		17,285,733	627,547	6,135,986	4,432,813	(6,089,387)	1	(6,089,387)
18,662,977 \$ 1,796,347 \$ 6,135,986 \$ 4,432,813 (6,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 66,089,387) (208,444) (6, 69,089) (208,444) (20	PE ACTIVITIES: County Rural Water roprietary funds	898,954	701,320			'	(197,634)	(197,634)
18,662,977 \$ 1,796,347 \$ 6,135,986 \$ 4,432,813 \$ (6,089,387) \$ (208,444) \$ (6,189,387) \$ (208,444) \$ (6,189,387) \$ (208,444) \$ (6,189,387) \$ (208,444) \$ (6,189,387) \$ (208,444) \$ (20		1,377,244		1	1		(208,444)	(208,444)
18,267,761 83,770 137,036 20,547 48,861 20,547 18,453,658 104,317 18, 12,364,271 (104,127) 12, 149,218,350 7,771,115 156, (238,690) 7,771,115 157, 149,277,511 7,771,115 157, \$ 161,641,782 \$ 7,666,988 \$ 169						(6,089,387)	(208,444)	(6,297,831)
18,453,658 104,317 18, 12,364,271 (104,127) 12, 149,218,350 7,771,115 156, 297,851 (238,690) 7,771,115 157, 149,277,511 7,771,115 157, \$ 161,641,782 \$ 7,666,988 \$ 169			GENERAL REVENI Property taxes Assessment incor Gain on Sale of Fi Interest income	JES: ne ixed Assets		18,267,761 - 137,036 48,861	83,770 - 20,547	18,267,761 83,770 137,036 69,40 <u>8</u>
12,364,271 (104,127) 12, 149,218,350 7,771,115 156, 297,851 (238,690) 7,771,115 157, 149,277,511 7,771,115 157,						18,453,658	104,317	18,557,975
149,218,350 7,771,115 156, 297,851 (238,690) (49,277,511 7,771,115 157, \$ 161,641,782 \$ 7,666,988 \$ 169			CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION		12,364,271	(104,127)	12,260,144
\$ 161,641,782 \$ 7,666,988 \$			NET POSITION - BI PRIOR PERIOD AD CHANGE IN ACCO NET POSITION - BI	EGINNING OF YEAR JUSTMENT UNTING PRINCIPLE EGINNING OF YEAR	, as previously reported , as restated	149,218,350 297,851 (238,690) 149,277,511	7,771,115	156,989,465 297,851 (238,690) 157,048,626
			NET POSITION - EI	ND OF YEAR			ļ	

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,847,005
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers		315,666
Certificates of deposit		50,000
Receivables:		
Taxes		7,806,607
Services		19,437
Interest		20
Prepaid expenses		266,294
Due from:		
Funding agencies - federal programs		2,092,228
Other governmental entities		6,936,827
Other funds		181,891
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		<u>35,157,487</u>
	\$	62,673,462
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	3,350,330
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings		167,672
Accrued expenses		158,355
Line of credit		2,175,493
Total liabilities		<u>5,851,850</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		<u>1,195,033</u>
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable		266,294
Restricted		37,249,715
Committed		540,820
Assigned		50,000 17 510 750
Unassigned		17,519,750 55,626,579
Total fund balance		30,020,019
	<u>\$</u>	62,673,462

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund

\$ 55,626,579

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:

Land and infrastructure	\$ 6	7,207,729
Construction in progress	4	7,779,158
Capital improvements	118	8,301,560
Buildings and improvements	(6,796,376
Vehicles and equipment	•	4,357,176
Accumulated depreciation	(66	8,160 <u>,467</u>)

Total capital assets 176,281,532

Liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the governmental funds:

Accrued interest (94,155)
Compensated absences (478,535)
Bonds and notes payable (69,731,777)
Premium on bonds payable (1,156,895)

Property tax revenues, not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,195,033

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 161,641,782

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

REVENUES:		
General administration	\$	18,269,882
Flood prevention		5,599,113
Erosion control		4,279,676
Forestry and wildlife		5
Water quality		90,623
Recreation		27,705
Total revenues		28,267,004
EXPENDITURES:		07.450.040
Flood prevention		27,150,049
General administration		10,697,755
Erosion control		3,491,237 1,207,323
Recreation		882,390
Forestry and wildlife		566,790
Water quality		204,621
Information and education	-	
Total expenditures		44,200,165
OTHER SOURCES:		40 004 050
Net proceeds from issuance of bonds payable		42,834,650
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		26,901,489
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		28,725,090
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	55,626,579



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Government Fund			\$ 26,901,489
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlays and capital asset expenditures: Land, improvements and construction in progress additions Vehicles, machinery, equipment, and furniture	\$	28,867,275 220,023	29,087,298
Depreciation expense Net book value of disposals			(2,482,373) (32,985)
Principal payments on bonds use current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal payments on bonds and leases			2,147,894
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds However, these payments increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Proceed from issuance of bonds and capital leases Effects of Bond premiums, discounts and similar items			(42,600,000) (708,665)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Decrease in long-term compensated absences Decrease in accrued interest payable			11,148 148,637
Full accrual accounting records tax revenues when earned. Modified accrual records tax revenues that are measurable and available.			
Difference in property tax revenue accrual			(108,172)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 12,364,271



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	Total (Memorandum Only)			Washington County Rural Water	Non-major Proprietary Funds		
CURRENT ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	594,659	\$	163,309	\$	431,350	
Certificates of deposit		1,069,916		702,869		367,047	
Service receivables		126,511		84,451		42,060	
Interest receivable		1,726		1,298		428	
Current portion of installment receivable		337,148		337,148		-	
Inventories		41,764		7,595		34,169	
Total current assets		2,171,724		1,296,670		875,054	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:							
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		197,700		197,700		40.000	
Restricted certificates of deposit		42,686		-		42,686	
Capital assets :				4.000		040.045	
Land		214,215		1,000		213,215	
Capital improvements and infrastructure		9,567,799		6,837,807		2,729,992	
Vehicles and equipment		122,080		64,621		57,459 (905,584)	
Accumulated depreciation		(1,980,689)		(1,075,105)			
Total capital assets		7,923,405		5,828,323		2,095,082	
Total non-current assets	-	8,163,791		6,026,023		2,137,768	
	\$	10,335,515	<u>\$</u>	7,322,693	\$	3,012,822	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			_	00.550	•	40 407	
Accounts payable	\$	42,740	\$	30,553	\$	12,187	
Accrued expenses		7,013		4,747		2,266 143,192	
Due to other funds		181,891		38,699 316,000		23,682	
Current portion of long-term debt		339,682					
Total current liabilities		571,326		389,999		181,327	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:		0.007.004		4 774 640		325,691	
Long-term debt, less current portion	- 	2,097,201		1,771,510	-		
Total liabilities		2,668,527		2,161,509		507,018	
NET POSITION:		= 100 =05		0.740.046		4 745 700	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,486,522		3,740,813		1,745,709	
Restricted		240,386		197,700		42,686 717,400	
Unrestricted		1,940,080		1,222,671		717,409	
Total net position		7,666,988		5,161,184	**************************************	2,505,804	
	\$	10,335,515	\$	7,322,693	\$	3,012,822	



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total (Memorandum Only)			Washington County Rural Water		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:	\$	1,020,132	\$	586,669	\$	433,463	
Water sales	Φ	136,587	Ψ	104,005	*	32,582	
Customer charges and hookup fees		12,081		10,646		1,435	
Miscellaneous		1,168,800		701,320		467,480	
Total operating revenues		1,100,000		701,020		1011100	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						4.005	
Repairs and maintenance		22,955		18,730		4,225	
Supplies and postage		10,657		3,196		7,461	
Professional services		27,950		20,638		7,312 220,729	
Personnel		426,303		205,574		11,591	
Telephone, utilities, and rent		23,856		12,265 922		1,276	
Miscellaneous		2,198		922 214,474		99,169	
Water purchase		313,643		245,104		48,955	
Contract costs		294,059		3,494		1,377	
Project construction and land		4,871 4,426		3,434		4,426	
Project operation and maintenance		4,426 123,813		79,950		43,863	
Depreciation and amortization		8,163		79,950		8,163	
Vehicle expense		6, 163 418		375		43	
Indirect cost				804,722		458,590	
Total operating expenses		1,263,312		004,722		430,390	
OPERATING INCOME		(94,512)		(103,402)		8,890	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):							
Assessment revenue		83,770		-		83,770	
Interest income		20,547		18,745		1,802	
Interest expense		(113,932)		(94,232)		(19,700)	
Total non-operating income (expense)		(9,615)		(75,487)		65,872	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(104,127)		(178,889)		74,762	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,771,115		5,340,073		2,431,042	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	7,666,988	\$	5,161,184	\$	2,505,804	



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total (Memorandum Only)	Washington Rural Water	Non-Major Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,142,504		\$ 466,552
Cash paid to employees	(426,303)		(220,729)
Cash paid to suppliers	(696,354)	(493,276)	(203,078)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	19,847	(22,898)	42,745
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(4.004)
Investments (purchased) proceeds	(2,948)		(1,084)
Payments from installment receivable	343,773	343,773	0.706
Interest received	24,871	22,075	2,796
Net cash provided by investing activities	365,696	363,984	1,712
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments on long-term debt	(370,061)		(22,571)
Interest paid	(113,932)		(19,700)
Interfund financing	(230,866)	(76,082)	(154,784)
Assessments received	83,770		83,770
Net cash used in capital and related			
financing activities	(631,089)	(517,804)	(113,285)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(245,546)	(176,718)	(68,828)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,037,905	537,727	500,178
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 792,359	\$ 361,009	\$ 431,350
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (94,512)	\$ (103,402)	\$ 8,890
Depreciation and amortization	123,814	79,950	43,864
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(26,297)		(929)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	8,361	6,412	1,949
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	11,739	22,477	(10,738)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(3,258)	(2,967)	(291)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 19,847	\$ (22,898)	\$ 42,745

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS

ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Dues receivable Total assets		\$ 602,837 1,000 603,837
LIABILI	TIES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Total liabilities		\$ 275,997 187,500 463,497
NET POSITION: Held in trust for other organizations		 140,340
		\$ 603,837



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

ADDITIONS: Partnership dues Interest Total additions	\$ 372,500 333 372,833
DEDUCTIONS: Reimbursement to Omaha Administration fees Miscellaneous expenses	310,397 114,879 99
Total deductions	425,375
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(52,542)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	192,882
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$140,340



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

This summary of significant accounting policies of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") is presented to assist in understanding the District's government-wide and fund financial statements. These financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Organization and Principal Activity

The District is one of 23 natural resource districts organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska to aid in the conservation, protection, development, and management of the natural resources of the State. Furthermore, the District participates in jointly funded governmental improvement projects. These projects are cost-sharing arrangements, as the District does not necessarily retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the projects.

Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, that define the financial reporting entity as the one consisting of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements include the transactions of the District's primary government and one fiduciary fund. The primary government has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other governments. The District has no component units and is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental organizations in the United States. Such principles are prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States of America. In accordance with these principles, the financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and grants from other governments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to support its operations.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column (individual funds are not presented). Because of the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, all financial and capital resources of the District, including long-term assets as well as long-term debt, are reported. Liabilities with maturities greater than one year are reported in two components: the amount due within one year and that due in more than one year.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in four categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

- Expendable include resources in which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- Nonexpendable consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other
 outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is
 to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purposes of producing
 present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted - amounts that do not meet the definition of the three preceding categories. These amounts often are designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations and often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Program revenues include charges for services, which report fees and other charges to users of the District's services, operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income, and capital grants and contributions, which fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in the fund financial statements of this report as follows:

Governmental Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the operation of the District's activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. Generally, the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expense of providing goods or services to others on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through sales or other forms of user charges. All proprietary funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their Statement of Net Position.

The District reports the Washington County Rural Water System as a major proprietary fund presented individually in the financial statements. This fund accounts for fees charged for rural water services provided to residents in the respective counties. The remaining non-major funds are presented in accordance with the criteria set forth by GASB.

Fiduciary Fund

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed that have combined resources to fund engineering studies.

Governmental fund equity is reported as fund balance. For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

a. Nonspendable - This fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. CONTINUED

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Board of Directors to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposed stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the District can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.
- c. Committed This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Directors, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or the General Manager delegated that authority by the Board of Directors.
- e. Unassigned This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The District complies with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District applies all relevant GASB Pronouncements. Proprietary funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period levied, regardless of when the cash is collected. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Measuring Focus/Basis of Accounting, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this period, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures, such as principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is due.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial reporting purposes, the District classifies all highly-liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>

Investments are recorded at fair value which approximates cost. The District's investment policy allows investment in U.S. government obligations and short-term interest bearing investments consisting of certificates of deposit and other income producing securities. It is also the District's policy to report interest earned but not received in a separate account from the principal.

Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are considered fully-collectible so no allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary. Tax amounts not received within sixty days are considered deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

Inventories

The proprietary funds' inventories, consisting primarily of maintenance supplies, are stated at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements over \$5,000 are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense accounts as incurred. Interest costs incurred on funds used to construct property, plant, and equipment are capitalized and recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and are amortized over the asset's useful life.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation of the individual asset are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The estimated useful lives for significant capital asset categories are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Capital improvements and infrastructure	7-100
Buildings and improvements	20-30
Vehicles and equipment	3-10
Water distribution systems	25-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, structural improvements (reservoirs, drainage systems, or any other projects) constructed by the District for any of its purposes are recorded as expenditures at the time of construction. In addition, major acquisitions of land that may have a future saleable value associated with project costs are reported as capital improvements and are recorded as a current period governmental fund expenditure.

In the government-wide financial statements, structural improvements, land acquisitions, equipment purchases, public domain costs, infrastructure costs (such as dams, levees, reservoirs and drainage systems), and similar assets are included as capital assets. The District records proposed infrastructure at the historical cost of the land until the actual infrastructure construction costs are incurred and capitalized.

Compensated Absences

The District's employees are granted annual leave and sick pay in varying amounts based on length of service and actual hours worked. Annual leave and unused sick pay may be carried over at year-end up to 53 days and 180 days, respectively. After one year of service, employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave and 25% of accrued sick leave, upon termination.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the counties on December 31 and are delinquent if not paid by March or April 1 and August or September 1 following the levy date. The seven counties located within the District collect the taxes levied by the District. The portion of the property taxes levied by the District is remitted from the counties as the taxes are collected, less a one percent commission. For fiscal year 2014, the taxes levied totaled \$17,570,415 at a tax levy rate of \$0.032753 per \$100 of valuation.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Property Taxes, Continued

The placement of a lien against property with delinquent taxes in the various counties is at the discretion of the respective county attorneys. However, the vast majority of delinquent property taxes are purchased through transactions called tax certificate sales. In the event the property owner does not pay the property taxes to the County Treasurer within three years, the holder of the tax certificate has the right to take ownership of the property.

Use of Estimates

Preparing the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses/Interfund Activity

The District is responsible for paying all employee wages and vehicle and fuel expenses of the rural water district proprietary funds. The portion of these expenses directly attributable to the proprietary funds, plus a 15% surcharge to cover administrative costs, is billed to and reimbursed by each rural water district. General administration services include overall District management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, payroll, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other general administration services. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenses in the respective funds. The actual amount of indirect cost reimbursement received by the District at June 30, 2014, was \$377,886. These reimbursements are included as an offset in the general administration expenses in the Statement of Activities.

Cost Sharing Reimbursements

The District participates in multiple cost sharing agreements with various other governmental entities, such as the City of Omaha or other area natural resource districts, on a regular basis. These agreements provide funding for recreational trails, water drainage systems, and other improvements that benefit the general public. The District's share of the cost is stated in each of the cost sharing agreements, most often as a maximum amount to be paid. The District normally does not retain an interest in the projects, with the city or other governmental entities providing the routine maintenance as necessary.

Economic Dependency

The District receives the majority of its revenues from property tax rates subject to legislative change and from various grants funded by federal, state, and local governments.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. The District currently does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that period. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category: Unavailable revenue received after the availability period. This includes property taxes plus other local taxes and fees received after 30 days. They are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental funds balance sheet and will be recognized next year.

2. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted each fiscal year for the General and Proprietary Funds on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as required by statute. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information in accordance with the statutory requirements of the Nebraska Budget Act:

On or before August 1, District management prepares and transmits a budget for each District fund showing the projected requirements, outstanding warrants, operating reserve, cash on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year, projected revenue collected from sources other than property tax and amount to be raised by property taxation. At least one public hearing must be held by the District's Board of Directors.

On or before September 20, the budget is adopted by the Board of Directors and the amounts provided therein are appropriated. Once approved by the Board of Directors, the legally adopted budget can be modified only with the approval of the Board. No supplemental appropriations or modifications were made from the original budget.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year.

The District Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund through resolution. The Board may allow certain accounts to exceed 110% of their budgeted amount if District personnel provide reasonable justification for doing so before the expenditures occur.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Actual and Budget (Budgetary Basis) — Governmental Fund presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets to actual data prepared in accordance with the accounting basis indicated above.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, The District met all the budgetary requirements with the State of Nebraska. However, expenditures exceeded appropriations in both the Washington Rural Water Fund and the Western Sarpy Drainage Fund.



3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest excess cash in deposits at banks designated as depositories of the District, certificates of deposit, time deposits and in any securities in which the State investment officer is authorized to invest and as provided in the investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council.

Deposits and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

UNRESTRICTED AND UNRESERVED: Checking accounts and petty cash Cash on hand at County Treasurers Certificates of deposit	Total \$ 9,900,844 315,666 1,069,916	<u>General Fund</u> \$ 9,306,185 315,666	Proprietary Funds \$ 594,659 - 1,069,916
Total unrestricted and unreserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	11,286,426	9,621,851	1,664,575
UNRESTRICTED BUT RESERVED: Checking accounts Certificates of deposit	540,820 50,000	540,820 50,000	
Total unrestricted but reserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	590,820	590,820	
RESTRICTED: Money markets and checking accounts Certificates of deposit	35,355,187 <u>42,686</u>	35,157,487	197,700 42,686
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents a certificates of deposit	<u>35,397,873</u>	<u>35,157,487</u>	240,386
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 47,275,119</u>	<u>\$ 45,370,158</u>	<u>\$_1,904,961</u>

The carrying amount of the District's deposits, including fiduciary funds, was \$47,562,290 and the bank balances were \$47,666,594 at June 30, 2014. Certificates of deposit have been included in the bank and book balances for cash. At June 30, 2014, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance coverage, the full faith and credit of the United States government or pledged securities held by the bank in the District's name.

Investments are stated at fair value, which at June 30, 2014 approximates cost. For fiscal year 2014, the District invested only in U.S. Treasury Bills, other federal obligations, or certificates of deposits within federally insured banks and money market funds investing in these securities. The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds.



3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

The District mitigates the following types of deposit and investment risks through compliance with the State Statutes referred to above and through compliance with its investment policies. However, the District has not adopted a policy to manage interest rate risk. The three types of deposit and investment risks are the following:

- <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the
 event of the failure of a bank or other counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the
 value of its deposits or investments or collateral securities in the possession of a third-party.
- Credit Risk for deposits and investments, credit risk is the risk that a bank or other counterparty
 defaults on its principal and/or interest payments owed to the District.
- Interest Rate Risk for deposits and investments, interest rate risk is the risk that the value of deposits and investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates.

4. RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a sinking fund and reserved/restricted cash accounts for various purposes. All of the accounts are fully funded at their required levels at June 30, 2014. The following is a summary of the reservations placed on cash and investments for the year ended June 30, 2014:

General Sinking Funds:

•	_	
Unrestricted, but Reserved Certificate of Deposit	\$	50,000
Unrestricted, but Reserved Cash Accounts:		
Reserved for Wetland Mitigation and the development of future wetlands.		5,440
The Board of Directors, by resolution has reserved funds to be spent on costs incurred for Watershed Projects (WPRB-5, DS-15A, and Zorinksy Posin 1)		383,795
Basin 1). The Board of Directors, by resolution and in accordance with the Interlocal		,
Cooperation Act Agreement, has reserved funds to reimburse parties to this agreement that incurred costs as a result of the removal of ice jams.		151,585
Restricted Cash Accounts:		
The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a bond escrow which shall be restricted for use on the specific projects including Pigeon Jones, Western Sarpy Clear Creek, Waterloo Levee, WPRB-5, Dam Site		
15-A, and Zorinksy Basin 1.	_3	<u>5,157,487</u>
Total general fund reserves	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>5,748,307</u>

Proprietary Sinking Funds:

In compliance with loan covenants for the notes described in Note 9, the Proprietary Funds have restricted \$240,386. Thurston County has restricted a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$42,686 and Washington County Rural Water #2 has restricted cash in the amount of \$197,700.



5. INTERNAL BALANCES/INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/due from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services, goods, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Interfund balances at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

<u>Due from</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Thurston County Rural Water Washington Co. Rural Water Dakota County Rural Water Elkhorn River Stabilization Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage Western Sarpy Drainage	\$ 7,062 38,699 25,448 1,432 103,742 5,508 \$ 181,891
	Thurston County Rural Water Washington Co. Rural Water Dakota County Rural Water Elkhorn River Stabilization Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage

6. DUE FROM FUNDING AGENCIES

Revenue from governmental grants and contracts are recognized as earned when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Funds received from the various agencies less than or greater than the expenditures of the program are recorded as assets or liabilities, respectively. At June 30, 2014, \$6,936,827 was due from other governmental agencies.

The District has entered into several construction agreements that involve reimbursement from the federal government for a portion of the District's expenses associated with those construction projects. At June 30, 2014, the District had receivables due from the federal government in the amount of \$2,092,228.

7. INSTALLMENT RECEIVABLES

Proprietary Funds Receivable:

Installment receivables due under interlocal agreements bear interest at rates ranging from 2.85% to 3.5%. Installment receivables were reduced for unearned finance charges of \$15,586 at June 30, 2013. Unearned finance charges are amortized to interest income using a method that approximates the interest method. Included in the amount on the balance sheet is \$15,996 of interest due in the current year, but received after year-end.

A summary of installment receivables at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Gross installment receivables Less: unearned finance charges	\$ 352,734 <u>(15,586</u>)
Installment receivables, net	<u>\$ 337,148</u>
Current balance	\$ 337,148



8. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

	Balance June 30, 2013 <u>As restated</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Transfers/ <u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2014
Not depreciated Land	\$ 55,331,583	\$ 11,876,146	\$ -	\$ 67,207,729
Construction in progress	<u>32,572,799</u>	<u> 17,001,618</u>	<u>(1,795,259</u>)	<u>47,779,158</u>
	87,904,382	28,877,764	(1,795,259)	114,986,887
Depreciated Capital				
improvements and infrastructure	116,661,858	1,639,702	-	118,301,560
Buildings and improvements Vehicles and	6,651,308	145,068	-	6,796,376
equipment	4,187,165	220,023	<u>(50,012</u>)	4,357,176
	127,500,331	2,004,793	(50,012)	129,455,112
Less accumulated depreciation	(65,695,121)	(2,482,373)	17,027	(68,160,467)
	61,805,210	(477,580)	(32,985)	61,294,645
	<u>\$ 149,709,592</u>	<u>\$ 28,400,184</u>	<u>\$ (1,828,244</u>)	<u>\$ 176,281,532</u>

The governmental funds allocated depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements to the primary government functions as follows:

General administration Recreation Flood control	\$ 344,524 328,198 1,809,651
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2 <u>,482,373</u>



8. CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the Proprietary Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Not depreciated Land	<u>\$ 214,215</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 214,215</u>
Depreciated Capital improvements and infrastructure				
and initiastructure	9,567,799	-	_	9,567,799
Vehicles and equipment	122,080			122,080
	9,689,879	-	-	9,689,879
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,856,875)	(123,814)	_	(1,980,689)
	<u>7,833,004</u>	(123,814)		7,709,190
	<u>\$ 8,047,219</u>	<u>\$ (123,814)</u>	\$	\$ 7,923,405

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Fund Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014. In the government-wide financial statements, this amount is included in the Statement of Net Position. This amount is not reported in the governmental fund statements.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
General	December 2030	Semi-Annual	1.146% to 6.032%	\$11,775,000
General	March 2016	Semi-Annual	3.69%	803,113
General	December 2032	Annually	2.00% to 4.00%	15,200,000
General	December 2033	Semi-Annual	2.50% to 5.00%	41,850,000
General	December 2014	Annually	5.90%	39,051
General	August 2016	Annually	3.20%	64,613
		0.0		<u>\$69,731,777</u>



9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

General Fund Long-term Debt, Continued:

Governmental <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds	\$12,305,000	\$ -	\$ (530,000)	\$ 11,775,000	\$ 535,000
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds	15,600,000	-	(400,000)	15,200,000	590,000
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds	-	42,600,000	(750,000)	41,850,000	520,000
Note Payable American National Bank	1,182,897	-	(379,784)	803,113	394,126
Capital Leases: Dell Financial	11,872	-	(11,872)	-	-
CAT Financial	95,425	-	(30,812)	64,613	31,797
Wise Truck	<u>84,477</u>		(45,426)	39,051	39,051
Total	<u>\$29,279,671</u>	\$42,600,000	<u>\$ (2,147,894)</u>	<u>\$ 69,731,777</u>	<u>\$2,109,974</u>

Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt:

<u>Fund</u>	Series	Due <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Payment <u>Ranges</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
Washington Rural Water	2011A	June 2032	Annual	\$45,000 to \$295,000	1.00%- 5.00%	\$ 1,540,000
Washington Rural Water	2013	June 2017 December	Monthly	\$19,000 to \$506,000 Based on	4.12%	547,510
Thurston Rural Water Thurston Rural	1982	2022 February	Annual	water fees Based on	5.00%	166,601
Water	1993	2033	Annual	water fees	5.63%	<u>182,772</u> \$ 2,436,883
Total long-term d	ebt					



9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt, Continued:

Business-type <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds Payable: Water Project Refunding Revenue Bonds-2011A	\$ 1,835,000	\$ -	\$ 295,000	\$ 1,540,000	\$ 295,000
Water Project Refunding Revenue Bonds-2011B	600,000	-	600,000	-	- .
Water Project Refunding Revenue Bonds-2014	-	550,000	2,490	547,510	19,190
Notes Payable Capmark Finance Rural Economic and	183,793	-	17,192	166,601	17,997
Community Development	188,151		5,379	182,772	7,495
Business-type Activities Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 2,806,944</u>	\$ 550,000	<u>\$ 920,061</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>	<u>\$ 339,682</u>

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year(s)	Genera	l Fund	Proprietary	y Funds	То	tal
ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$ 2,109,974 2,206,802 1,895,001 2,040,000 2,190,000 13,610,000	\$ 2,914,834 2,848,912 2,774,603 2,700,539 2,619,769 11,534,926	\$ 339,682 89,843 577,490 77,529 78,947 383,944	\$ 98,051 92,428 88,900 65,559 58,287 268,807	\$ 2,449,656 2,296,645 2,472,491 2,117,529 2,268,947 13,993,944	\$ 3,012,885 2,941,340 2,863,503 2,766,098 2,678,056 11,803,733 7,847,647
2025-2029 2030-2034	19,355,000 <u>26,325,000</u>	7,663,805 <u>2,862,349</u>	394,943 494,505	183,842 <u>62,188</u>	19,749,943 26,819,505	2,924,537
	\$ 69,731,777	<u>\$ 35,919,737</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>	<u>\$ 918,062</u>	<u>\$ 72,168,660</u>	<u>\$ 36,837,799</u>

On July 26, 2013, the District issued Water Quality Enhancement Bonds, Series 2013B in the amount of \$42,600,000. These bonds had a new premium of \$767,150 and bond issue costs of \$532,500. On the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance, these amounts are combined and shown as proceeds from issuance of bond payable. The Bonds have an interest rate of 2.50% -5.00% and semi-annual maturity dates through December 2033.

10. LINE OF CREDIT

On April 25, 2014 the District entered into a line of credit agreement in the amount of \$2,831,651 with a local bank, which expires on May 1, 2015. The note is collateralized by all District assets. The line bears interest at a rate in line with the U.S. prime index. At June 30, 2014 the District had an outstanding amount of \$2,175,493 on the line of credit.



11. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The District has identified fund balances on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund as of June 30, 2014 as follows:

Nonspendable Prepaid expenses		\$ 266,294
Restricted Bond escrow Federal programs Total restricted	\$ 35,157,487 2,092,228	37,249,715
Committed Wetland mitigation Watershed fees Ice jam Total committed	5,440 383,795 <u>151,585</u>	540,820
Assigned Uninsured liability		50,000
Unassigned		<u> 17,519,750</u>
Total fund balance		<u>\$ 55,626,579</u>

12. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE AND SICK PAY

The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation benefits and sick leave is \$130,143 and \$27,967 at June 30, 2014, respectively. These amounts are recorded as expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The long-term portion is \$207,311 and \$271,224, respectively, at June 30, 2014. These amounts are recorded as non-current liabilities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. The amount of unvested sick leave benefits payable amounts to \$897,573 at June 30, 2014, and is not reported as an expenditure or liability in any of the District's June 30, 2014 financial statements.

The change in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Governmental-type <u>Activity:</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Compensated Absences	<u>\$ 648,547</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 11,902</u>	<u>\$ 636,645</u>	<u>\$ 158,110</u>



13. OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into a leasing agreement for copy machines in September 2011, and a leasing agreement for a desktop copier in December 2011. The District pays \$620 per month plus applicable taxes for the 60-month copier lease, and \$42 per month plus applicable taxes for the desktop copier lease, as well as a charge per copy that is paid quarterly. During fiscal year 2014, the District's operating lease expense was \$7,944. Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments.

Year ending June 30,:	<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$ 7,692
2016	7,440
2017	1,860

14. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the District's eligible employees participate in the Nebraska Association of Resources Districts Employees' Governmental Retirement Plan, a statewide multiple-employer retirement system covering all eligible employees of Natural Resources Districts within the State of Nebraska.

All employees who are employed for a minimum of six months, are regularly scheduled to work at least thirty-seven and one-half hours per week, and are age nineteen or older are eligible to participate n the State retirement plan. The District requires all full-time employees to participate. Participants become fully vested after five years, which is applicable only to the employer's contribution.

Plan participants are required to contribute 5.5% of their compensation each pay period, and the District is required to contribute 6.0% of the employee's compensation for each pay period. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$185,654, which were the required contributions.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has committed future funds to several ongoing and new projects and cost share agreements. The total commitments under signed contracts at year-end were approximately \$12,524,600. Since the future expenditures will be included in the District's future budgets and are part of the District's function, these commitments have not been recorded in the District's financial statements.

The District engages in land development projects and occasionally invokes eminent domain to acquire the required land to undertake the project. The value of the land acquired by the District when eminent domain is invoked is determined by either a board of appraisers in the affected county, or through the judiciary. The amount of payments that may be required for land, if any, is unknown at June 30, 2014.

The District participates in various federal and state assisted grant and contract programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any revision or disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of the District. The District's management believes such revisions or disallowances, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements.



15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED

Certain conditions may exist as of the date of the financial statements which may result in a loss to the District, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The District's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the District or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the District's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. At June 30, 2014, a reasonable estimate could not be determined for any potential loss contingencies.

16. FIDUCIARY FUND: PAPILLION CREEK WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP

The Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership ("PCWP") was created in 2001 through an inter-local agreement to proactively deal with the demands on the Papillion Creek drainage area and to develop an implementation plan that addresses solutions to water quantity and quality problems. The Papillion Creek Watershed consists of the land area that conveys water to the Missouri River. The PCWP is comprised of 9 local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed. These local governments fund engineering studies, but do not do any actual construction projects. The District is the administering agent.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. These risks are transferred to independent insurance carriers and no self-insurance program is maintained by the District. District management believes adequate coverage exists for potential exposures as of June 30, 2014. The District did not pay any settlement amounts, which exceeded its insurance coverage for the year ending June 30, 2014, 2013 or 2012.

18. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District has made a prior period adjustment on its government wide financial statements for \$297,851 to increase construction in progress for amounts contributed to construction of the Platte River (MOPAC) Trail, which will be owned and maintained by the District. On the prior year financial statements this amount was recorded as an expense on the Statement of Activities. This adjustment had no impact on the fund financial statements.

DENET

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

19. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassifies, as deferred outflows or resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The result of implementation was a direct adjustment to net position, in the amount of \$238,690 in governmental activities to eliminate bond issue costs previously capitalized on the statement of net position. Adopting this new accounting principle had no effect on the fund financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Bud	laet			Variance Favorable
		Actual		Original		Final	(l	Jnfavorable)
REVENUES: General administration Watershed Information and education Flood control Erosion control Water quality Recreation Forestry and wildlife	\$	18,409,236 45,428,194 17,680 3,983,693 2,969,745 90,563 8,120 5	\$	19,138,580 45,672,801 14,000 3,493,720 3,197,419 149,645 6,000 102,010	\$	19,138,580 45,672,801 14,000 3,493,720 3,197,419 149,645 6,000 102,010	\$	(729,344) (244,607) 3,680 489,973 (227,674) (59,082) 2,120 (102,005)
Total revenues		70,907,236		71,774,175	_	71,774,175		(866,939)
EXPENDITURES: General administration Watershed Information and education Flood control Erosion control Water quality Recreation Forestry and wildlife Total expenditures		10,148,182 21,822,306 202,306 7,264,166 3,510,282 570,269 1,200,161 884,794 45,602,466		11,681,593 56,390,197 286,600 7,055,390 6,277,675 857,110 5,032,175 1,238,062 88,818,802	_	11,681,593 56,390,197 286,600 7,055,390 6,277,675 857,110 5,032,175 1,238,062 88,818,802		1,533,411 34,567,891 84,294 (208,776) 2,767,393 286,841 3,832,014 353,268 43,216,336
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND OTHER SOURCES		25,304,770	<u>\$</u>	(17,044,627)	<u>\$</u>	(17,044,627)	\$	42,349,397
ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRED UNDER ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals and prepaids		1,583,333 13,386						
GAAP BASIS INCREASE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	26,901,489						



NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the modified cash basis of accounting accepted or approved by the State of Nebraska. Under this basis of accounting, encumbered cash is considered an expenditure and is reported as a disbursement in the year the cash is encumbered.

NOTE 2 - BUDGET LAW

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the cash basis of accounting. Total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted expenditures. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total expenditures to any fund require a public hearing.



SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

REVENUES:		
Property tax	\$	17,539,493
State grants		5,885,365
Federal grants		1,507,256
Local agency grants		2,534,661
Bond proceeds		42,834,650
Miscellaneous		532,563
Rental income		218,806
Interest income		48,860
Total revenues	_	71,101,654
EXPENDITURES:		
Project construction and land		25,158,365
Special projects		157,026
Personnel		3,298,424
Professional services		3,099,307
Contract works		775,562
Cost-sharing and conservation assistance program		3,220,763
Employee benefits		92 4 ,847
Repairs and maintenance		355,946
Fees		174,457
Project legal costs		77,027
Information and education		95,354
Payroll taxes		248,848
Machinery and equipment		273,409
Insurance		278,805
		2,949,709
Interest expense Project operation and maintenance		351,877
		174, 7 98
Telephone, utilities, and rent		3,445
Miscellaneous		342,202
Vehicle expense		-
Vehicles		60,601
Travel		60,845
Printing and publications		67,695
Board of directors		131,158
Supplies and postage		237,086
Loss on assets held for sale		711
Uncollectible grants		(377,886)
Indirect cost reimbursement		2,059,784
Debt service		44,200,165
Total expenditures		44,200,100
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		26,901,489
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		28,725,090
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	55,626,579



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION	ACTUAL AND BUDGET	PROPRIETARY FUNDS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014	

	Total	Total (Memorandum Only)	nly)	Was	Washington Rural Water	ter	Non-Ma	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	spur
		Budget	get		Budget	get		Budge	
•	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENUES:	\$ 1 020 132	\$ 887 000	\$ 887,000	\$ 586,669	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 433,463	\$ 412,000	\$ 412,000
Water sales Customer chames and booking fees	136,587	57,325			41,750	41,750	32,582	15,575	15,575
Missollonolin	12 081	2,200	2,200	10,646	700	700	1,435	1,500	1,500
Miscellaricous Total operating revenues	1,168,800	946,525	946,525	701,320	517,450	517,450	467,480	429,075	429,075
OPERATING EXPENSES. Renairs and maintenance	22.955	13,250	13,250	18,730	9,050	9,050	4,225	4,200	4,200
Supplies and postade	10.657	13,400	13,400	3,196	3,850	3,850	7,461	9,550	9,550
Outpies and postage Professional services	27,950	52,800	52,800	20,638	20,000	20,000	7,312	32,800	32,800
Personnel	426,303	393,000	393,000	205,574	168,500	168,500	220,729	224,500	224,500
Telephone utilities and rent	23,856	23,050	23,050	12,265	9,200	9,200	11,591	13,850	13,850
Miscellaneous	2,198	7,675	7,675	922	4,700	4,700	1,276	2,975	2,975
Water purchase	313,643	258,000	258,000	214,474	151,000	151,000	99,169	107,000	107,000
Contract costs	294,059	263,000	263,000	245,104	160,000	160,000	48,955	103,000	103,000
Project construction and land	4,871	2,150	2,150	3,494	150	150	1,377	2,000	2,000
Denied operation and maintenance	4,426	6.500	6,500	•	•	•	4,426	6,500	6,500
Devreoistion and amortization	123,813	. '	. '	79,950	,		43,863	ı	ı
Vehicle expense	8,163	8,500	8,500	•		•	8,163	8,500	8,500
		,				•		1	•
Dolla experioricales	418	1 750	1.750	375	900	009	43	1,150	1,150
		1040 075	4 049 075	004 722	527 050	527 050	458 590	516 025	516.025
Total operating expense	1,263,312	1,043,075	1,043,075	804,722	000,120	000,120	000	20.0	200
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(94,512)	(96,550)	(96,550)	(103,402)	(009'6)	(009'6)	8,890	(86,950)	(86,950)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):								;	
Assessment revenue	83,770	83,500	83,500	į		, ;	83,770	83,500	83,500
Interest income	20,547	5,680	5,990	18,745	3,500	006,5	208,1 2005,045	2,180	2,490
Interest expense Total non-operating income (expense)	(113,932)	(17,165)	(16,855)	(75,487)	(94,845)	(91,345)	65,872	74,180	74,490
	(104 802)	6 (440 745)	e (419 AOE)	(178 880)	\$ (100 045)	\$ (100.945)	74 762	\$ (12,770)	\$ (12,460)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(104,127)	(c) / (c)	9 (113,403)	(200'0/1)	26,001	0100	Į.		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,771,115			5,340,073			2,431,042		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,666,988			\$ 5,161,184			\$ 2,505,804		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014



ASSETS	Total	Stal	Elkhorn River Stabilization	Elk/Piger Drai	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	Weste	Western Sarpy Drainage	ш Б	Elkhorn Breakout	Run	Dakota Rural Water	Thurste Rura	Thurston County Rural Water
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 431,350	€	136,826	↔	501	↔	113,314	69	6,615	ь	144,062	67	30,032
Certificates of deposit Service receivables	367,047 42,060		1 4				, ,		96		30,905		11,060
Interest receivable	428				, ,		, ,				382		ዷ '
Current portion of installment receivable	- 94 769		. ,		' '		, ,		• 1		30,862		3,307
inventories Total current assets	875,054		136,826		501		113,314		6,710		573,268		44,435
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Reserved cash and cash equivalents Restricted certificates of deposit	42,686		1 1 1		1 1 5		1 1 1						42,686
installment receivable, less current portion Capital assets Capital improvements and infrastructure	213,215 2,729,992		1 5		211,215		, ,		i I		1,000		1,000 958,875
Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation Total canital assets	57,459 (905,584) 2,095,082				211,215						57,459 (611,048) 1,218,528		(294,536) 665,339
Total non-current assets	2,137,768		•		211,215		'				1,218,528		708,025
	\$ 3,012,822	မှာ	136,826	vs	211,716	es.	113,314	ω	6,710	€9	1,791,796	69	752,460
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION													
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accused expenses Due to other funds Counter of the funds	\$ 12,187 2,266 143,192 23,682	ω	1,432	ω,	103,742	4	976 - 5,508	ø	1 1 1 1	₩	7,925 1,499 25,448		3,286 767 7,062 23,682
Current pouch or long-term used. Total current liabilities	181,327		1,432		103,742		6,484		,		34,872		34,797
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: Long-term debt, less current portion	325,691		1 432		103 742		6 484		1		34.872		325,691
NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	1,745,709 42,686 717,409		135,394		211,215		106,830	İ	6,710		1,218,528		315,966 42,686 33,320
Total net position	2,505,804		135,394		107,974		106,830		6,710		1,756,924		391,972
	\$ 3,012,822	œ	136,826	co.	211,716	69	113,314	69	6,710	ωl	1,791,796	€	752,460





COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Total		Elkhor	Elkhorn River Stabilization	tion	Elk/Pige	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	nage
		Budget	get	•	Budget			Budget	
COLUMNIA DEL FIRMINES.	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENOES. Water sales	\$ 433,463	\$ 412,000	\$ 412,000	- - -	УЭ	' УЭ	' € 9	- ⊌÷	· У
Customer charges and hookup fees	32,582	15,575	15,575	1 1	, 1	, 1	. 1	1 1	, ,
Sales Miscellaneous	1,435	1.500	1,500	•	1	•	•	-	1
Total operating revenues	467,480	429,075	429,075			1			1
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Repairs and maintenance	4,225	4,200	4,200	•	•	•	•	1	1
Supplies and postage	7,461	9,550	9,550	•	' 00	1 000	•		
Professional services	7,312	32,800	32,800	1 640	5,000	2,000	1419	5.000	5.000
Personnel	£21,U22	006,422	000,422	·	20.	· •	· ·	,	, '
Telephone utilities and rent	11,591	13,850	13,850	,	•	1	1	1	1
Miscellaneous	1,276	2,975	2,975	•	1	i	•	1	•
Water purchase	99,169	107,000	107,000	•	•	•	•	1	1
Contract costs	48,955	103,000	103,000	,	,	ı	1	5,000	5,000
Project construction and land	1,377	2,000	2,000	•	1	•	,	' '	• !
Project operation and maintenance	4,426	6,500	6,500	•	5,000	2,000	1	200	200
Depreciation and amortization	43,863	,	1	1	ı	•	,	ı	
Vehicle expense	8,163	8,500	8,500	•	1	ı	•	ı	,
Bond expenditures	• !	1 (' (•	•	•	1	1	•
Indirect cost		1,150	1,150	-	'		'		· 3
Total operating expenses	458,590	516,025	516,025	1,640	17,000	17,000	1,419	10,500	10,500
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	8,890	(86,950)	(86,950)	(1,640)	(17,000)	(17,000)	(1,419)	(10,500)	(10,500)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE): Assessment revenue	83,770	83,500	83,500	19,237	20,000	20,000	47,349	45,000	45,000
Gain on sale of fixed asset	- 1 802	2 180	2 490	107	120	120	42	20	20
Interest expense	(19,700)	(11,500)	(11,500)	'		. 1	•	1	1
Transfers				1	tr				1
Total non-operating income	65,872	74,180	74,490	19,344	20,120	20,120	47,391	45,050	45,050
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	74,762	\$ (12,770)	\$ (12,460)	17,704	\$ 3,120	\$ 3,120	45,972	\$ 34,550	\$ 34,550
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,431,042			117,690			62,002		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,505,804			\$ 135,394			\$ 107,974		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



	Weste	Western Sarpy Drainage	age		Elkhorn Breakout	cout		Da	Dakota Rural Water	
		Budget	get		8	Budget			Budget	- 1
	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	iii	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENUES:	e	, (/	€9	69	€9	မ	,	\$ 317,030	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Water sales Customer chames and book to fees	•	,	,				1	29,992	12,200	12,200
Miscellaneous	Ī	ı	1	1	•		ı	721	1,000	1,000
Total operating revenues	, ;		\			 .		347,743	313,200	313,200
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Repairs and maintenance	•	ı	,	,				3,562	3,000	3,000
Supplies and postage		i	•	1			•	6,838	8,000	8,000
Professional services	3,341	5,000	5,000	•	•		1	2,879	17,000	17,000
Personnel	24,269	30,000	30,000	,				163,716	147,000	147,000
Insurance	•	•		1			ı	•		1
Telenhone utilities and rent	,	•	•	•			,	4,771	2,000	2,000
Miscellaneous	•	•	1	,			٠	846	2,000	2,000
Water purchase	•	,	,	•			•	69,811	75,000	75,000
Contract costs	13,350	6,000	9'000	•			•	26,088	80,000	80,000
Project construction and land	900	1,000	1,000	•			•	877	1,000	1,000
Project operation and maintenance	4,426	1,000	1,000	•			•	ı		
Depreciation and amortization	,	•	,	•		,	1	34,208	1	1
Vehicle expense	ı	•	٠	,		,	ı	8,163	8,500	8,500
Bond expenditures	•		1	•			•	•	ı	'
Indirect cost	1	, !	•	•			١	43	650	650
Total operating expenses	45,886	43,000	43,000			 	,	321,802	349,150	349,150
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(45,886)	(43,000)	(43,000)			-	'	25,941	(35,950)	(35,950)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):	17 184	18 500	18.500	1		,		•	•	•
Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset					٠		;	0	' (, 6
Interest income	125	300	300	ဖ	-	0	20	1,030	1,500	nne'l
Interest expense	•	,	•	•					, ,	
Transfers Total non-operating income (expense)	17,309	18,800	18,800	9	-	 e	30	1,030	1,500	1,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(28,577)	\$ (24,200)	\$ (24,200)	Ø	8	10 \$	8	26,971	\$ (34,450)	\$ (34,450)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	135,407			6,704				1,729,953		

\$ 1,756,924

\$ 6,710

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Thu	Thurston County Rural Water	Water
	Actual	Buc Original	Budget Final
OPERATING REVENUES:	¢ 116.433	3 & 112 000	110 000
water sales Customer charges and hookup fees		→	
Miscellaneous	714		200
Total operating revenues	119,737	7 115,875	115,875
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Repairs and maintenance	663	3 1,200	1,200
Supplies and Postage	623		1,550
Professional services	1,092		5,800
Personnel	29,685	.,	35,500
Telephone, utilities, and rent	6,820		6,850
Miscellaneous	430		975
Water purchase	29,358	32,000	32,000
Contract costs	9,517		12,000
Depreciation and amortization	9,655		•
Indirect cost		- 500	200
Total operating expenses	87,843	96,375	96,375
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	31,894	19,500	19,500
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):			
Interest income	4 5		500
Interest expense Total non-operating income (expense)	(19,700)	(11,300)	(11,000)
NOILIGOU THIN IN LOUVE O	10 686		8 500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	,	9	0000
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	379,286	<u>36</u>	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 391,972	<u>[2</u>	

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PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	 Cost	Interest Rate
General fund Certificate of deposit		
Great Western Bank	\$ 50,000	0.25%
General fund - unrestricted, but reserved investments	\$ 50,000	



SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Cost	Interest Rate
Proprietary funds		
Certificates of deposit		
Dakota County		4.000/
Access Bank	\$ 100,744	1.00%
Access Bank	100,303	1.25%
Nebraska-lowa State Bank	66,000	0.17%
Sjouxland National Bank	100,000	0.50%
	367,047	
Washington County		
American National Bank	200,000	0.10%
Core Bank	100,000	0.40%
United Republic Bank	101,007	0.25%
United Republic Bank	101,175	0.50%
Premier Bank	200,687	0.40%
Tromor Ballix	702,869	
Thurston County		
Premier Bank	42,686	0.40%
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	42,686	
Total	\$ 1,112,602	



SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE POLICIES AND BONDS JUNE 30, 2014

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

Real & Personal property; total limit \$15,288,732; deductible/\$5,000; Equipment Floater/\$184,708 on Miscellaneous Equipment with \$10,000 max on any one item; Scheduled Equipment \$1,583,190 with deductible/\$5,000; Flood coverage/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000; Earthquake and earth movement limit/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000.

GENERAL LIABILITY

Medical payments/\$10,000; Personal injury and advertising injury/\$1,000,000; Wrongful acts/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Employee benefits liability/\$1,000,000; Professional liability/\$1,000,000; Employment-related practices injury/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Damage to premises rented to you/\$1,000,000; bodily injury and property damage \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$3,000,000 general aggregate.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE

Each accident/\$1,000,000; Medical payments/\$5,000; Uninsured and underinsured motorists/\$1,000,000; Collision deductible/\$500.

AIRCRAFT

Single limit, including passengers/\$10,000,000.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Bodily injury by accident/\$500,000; Bodily injury by disease/\$500,000.

EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY BONDS

Public employees/\$100,000; with the exception of one \$15,000 Notary Bond. Forgery/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500; Computer fraud/\$100,000 with deductible/\$500; Theft, disappearance, and destruction/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500.

COMMERCIAL EXCESS COVERAGE

Combined bodily injury and property damage/\$10,000,000.

PUBLIC OFFICIAL

Wrongful acts / \$1,000,000 each; \$3,000,000 aggregate; \$10,000 deductible.



SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

COUNTY

Douglas	\$	4,212,590
Sarpy		2,659,934
Washington		461,421
Dakota		352,748
Burt		62,986
Thurston		56,605
Dodge	<u></u>	323
	<u>\$</u>	7,806,607

SCHEDULE OF CASH BALANCES HELD BY COUNTY TREASURERS JUNE 30, 2014

GENERAL FUND

Douglas	\$	241,034
Sarpy		59,495
Washington		7,095
Dakota		4,675
Burt		2,078
Thurston		385
Dodge		904
	<u>\$</u>	315,666

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-3223, N.R.S - 1943 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Gross income from all sources	<u>\$ 29,540,121</u>
Amount expended for Maintenance Improvements and other such programs	\$ 2,875,326 27,389,319
Total maintenance and improvements	\$ 30,264,645
Amount of depreciation on property during previous year	\$ 2,606,187
Number of employees as of June 30, 2014	58
Gross salaries	\$ 3,298,424
Less amount reimbursed by projects	(375,875)
Net salaries paid to employees	\$ 2,922,549

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

** Major program



PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

November 7, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District** Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HSMC ORIZON LLC

November 7, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HSMC ORIZON LLC



Yes X No _____

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SECTION 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **Unmodified** Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: No X Yes ___ Material weakness(es) identified: Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered None Reported to be a material weakness(es): No X Yes Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted: MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT Internal control over major programs: Yes____ No X Material weakness(es) identified: Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not None Reported considered to be a material weakness(es): Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Unmodified programs: Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in No X accordance with 510(a) OMB Circular A-133: Yes The major programs tested for compliance were Sport Fish Restoration Program (CFDA No. 15.605) and ARRA Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA No. 10.923) \$300,000 Threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B program: Is the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources

District considered to be a low-risk auditee:



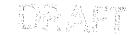
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SECTION 2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None reported.

SECTION 3. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.



PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.

MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.